

And Reporting Office

Threat Evaluation and Reporting Overview

(TERO)

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Topics

- Define Targeted Violence and Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management (BTAM)
- Identify the elements and purpose of the pathway to violence
- Outline the BTAM Model
- Understand Key Aspects of Community Involvement in BTAM
- Recognize Common Warning Signs and Concerning Behaviors







What Are the Goals of This Course?

- Empower homeland security partners (i.e. law enforcement, first responders, public safety and school officials) to recognize threats or observable behaviors that may concern others
- Raise awareness about targeted violence and outline the BTAM model
- Build state and local capacity to identify the warning signs and risk factors associated with potential acts of targeted violence







Primary Sources

- Making Prevention a Reality: Identifying, Assessing, and Managing the Threat of Targeted Attacks; Federal Bureau of Investigation; 2017
- A Study of the Pre-Attack Behaviors of Active Shooters from 2000 2013; Federal Bureau of Investigation; 2018
- Task Force Report: Predicting Violent Behavior; Defense Science Board; 2012
- Workplace Violence Prevention and Intervention: American National Standard; ASIS/SHRM; 2011
- Protective Intelligence & Threat Assessment: A Guide for State and Local Law Enforcement Officials; United States Secret Service; 2000
- Threat Assessment: Defining an Approach for Evaluating Risk of Targeted Violence; United States Secret Service; 1999





Topic 1:

WHAT IS TARGETED VIOLENCE?



M1 – Why Is Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Important?



Types of Violence

"Offenders Don't 'Snap' — They Decide"

Impulsive Reactive	 Emotional and impromptu Frequently a defensive behavior in response to a perceived imminent threat
Predatory Planned	 Premeditated and serves some purpose for those who plan and conduct violent attacks All instances of targeted violence and almost all mass murders are premeditated The planned nature provides an opportunity for the BTAM process to prevent an attack





Targeted Violence Defined

An unlawful act of violence dangerous to human life or potentially destructive of critical infrastructure or key resources, in which actors or groups intentionally target a discernible population of individuals or venue in a manner that poses a threat to homeland security, based on:

- 1. An apparent terrorist motive indicated by the population or venue targeted, or by the particular means of violence employed;
- 2. The significance of actual or potential impacts to the Nation's economic security, public health, or public safety, or to the minimal operations of the economy and government; or
- **3.** The severity and magnitude of the violence or harm and impact of either upon the capabilities of State and local governments to effectively respond without Federal assistance.



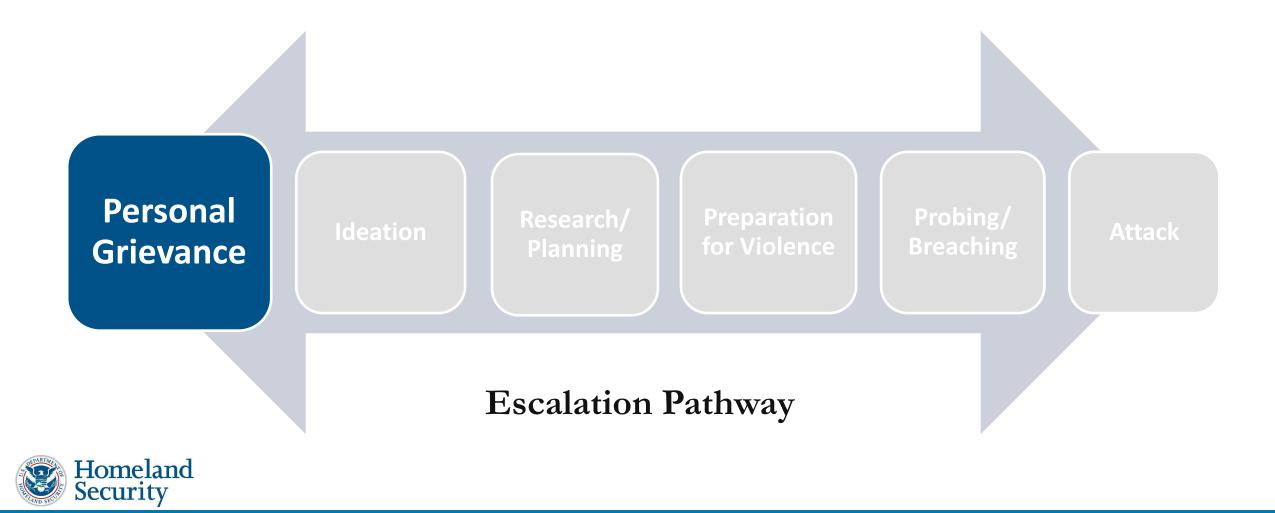


The Pathway to Violence Model



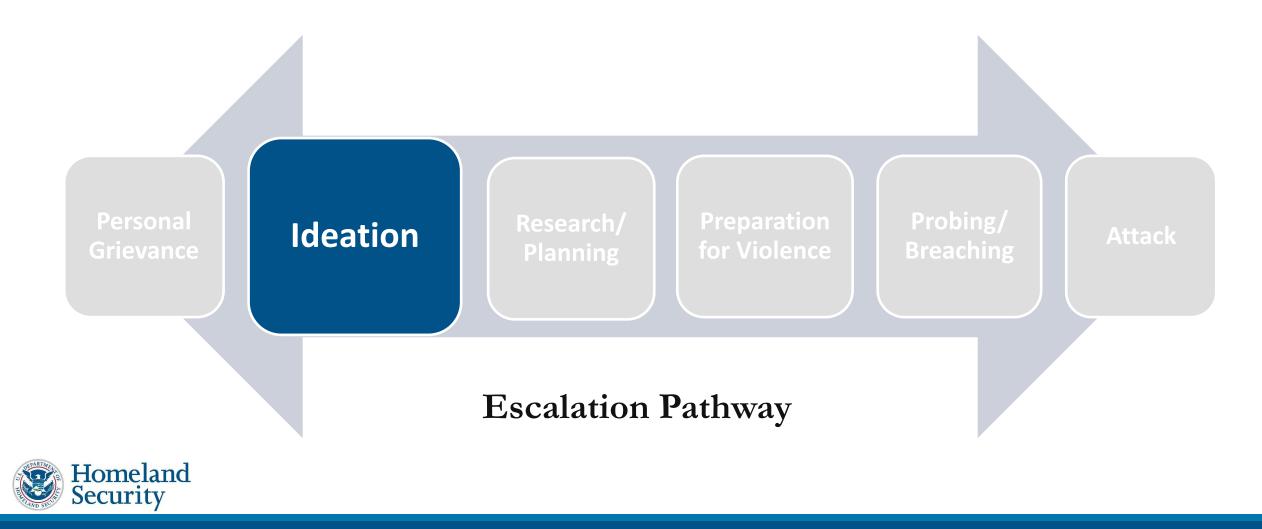


Pathway to Violence: Personal Grievance





Pathway to Violence: Ideation

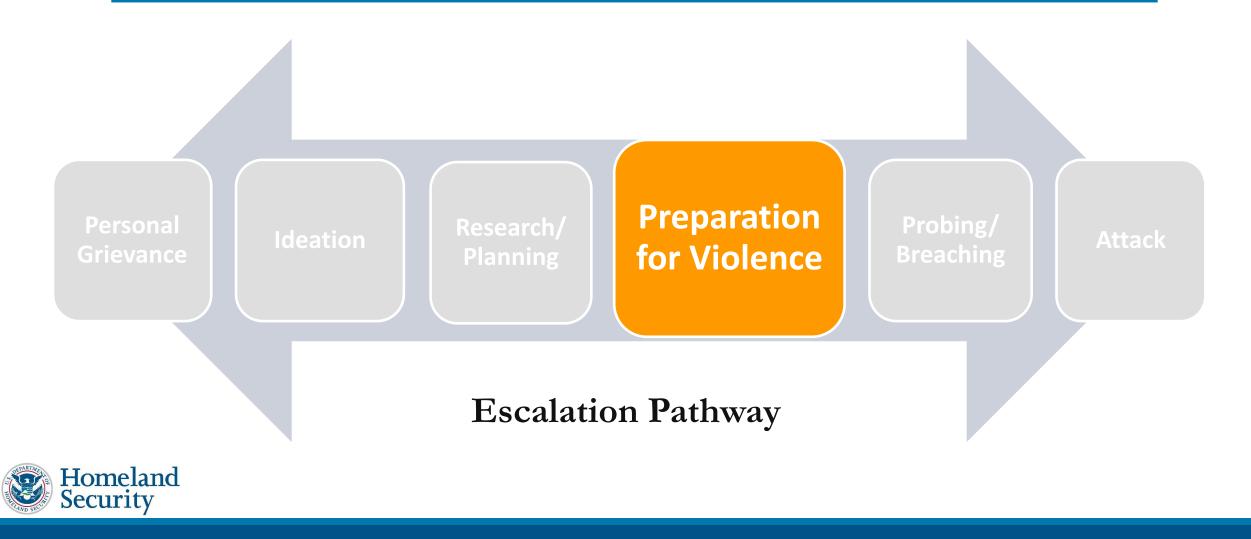




Pathway to Violence: Research/Planning



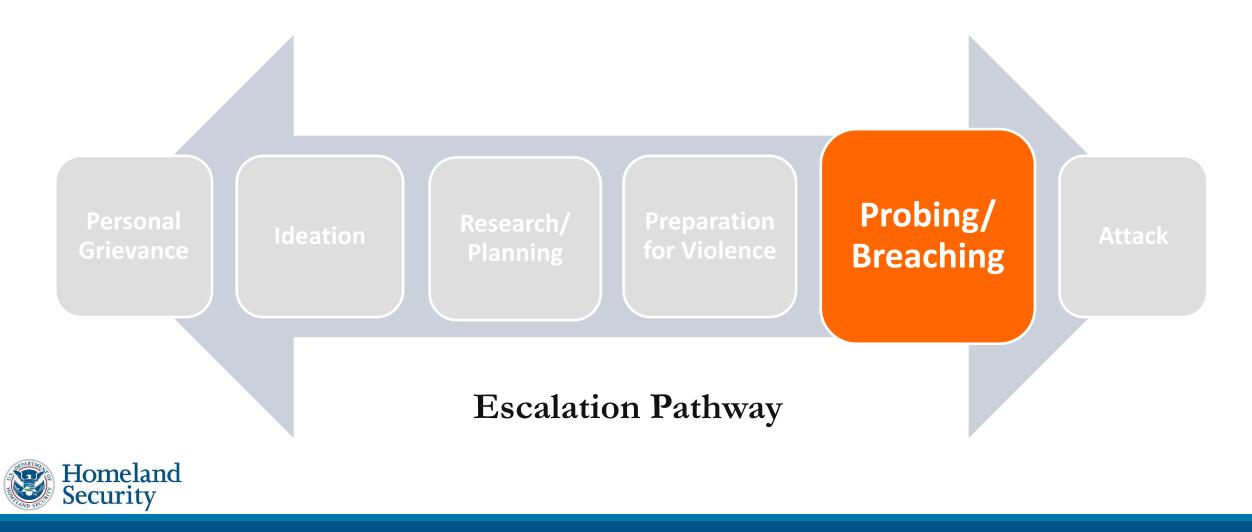




UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

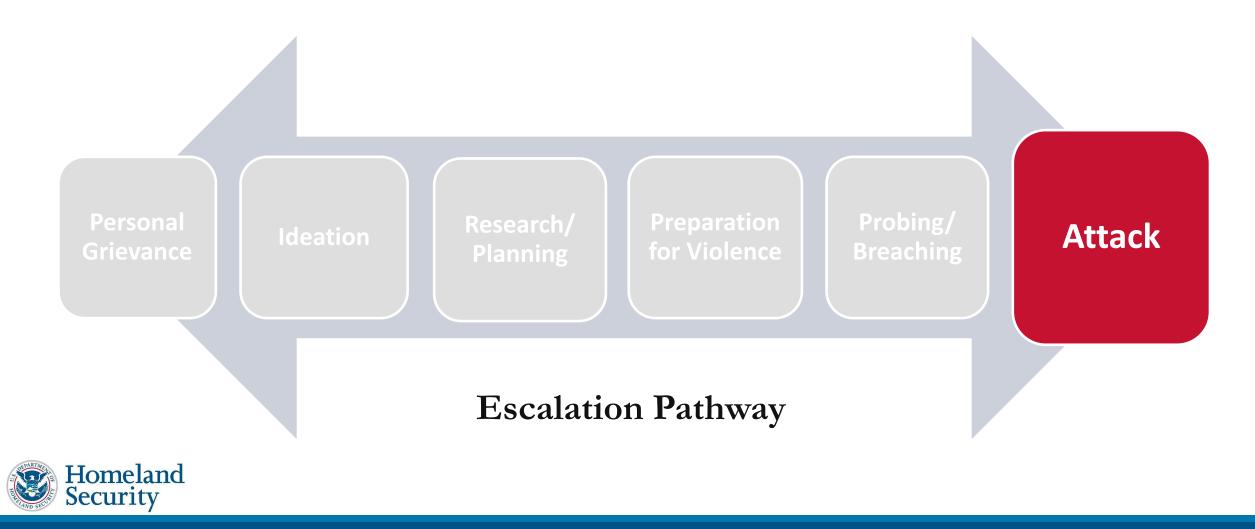


Pathway to Violence: Probing/Breaching





Pathway to Violence: Attack





How Has Targeted Violence Evolved?



Review the photos.



What is the incident?



Image by <u>Anemone123</u> from <u>Pixabay</u>





















What Other Attacks Resonate With You?







What Do Recent Numbers Look Like?

2023

27
143
162
3 (13%)
15 (11%)
<mark>9 (6%)</mark>
Pistol
Rifle

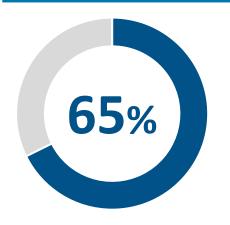
7		2	7
Z	U	Z	Z

Total Incidents:	25
Total Deaths:	103
Number Wounded:	234
Schools Involved:	4 (16%)
School Deaths:	29 (28%)
School Wounded:	<mark>32 (1</mark> 4%)
Primary Weapon:	Pistol
Most Lethal Weapon:	Rifle





Current Trends in Mass Attacks





41	.%

Two-thirds of the attackers exhibited behaviors that concerned others

For over half of the attackers, their behaviors resulted in others fearing for their safety Two-fifths of the attackers exhibited changes in behavior that were observable to others



Source: Mass Attacks in Public Spaces (MAPS) – USSS National Threat Assessment Center



End of Topic Questions





M1 – Why Is Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Important?



Topic 2

WHAT IS BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT?



M1 – Why Is Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Important?



Behavioral Threat Assessment Defined



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND

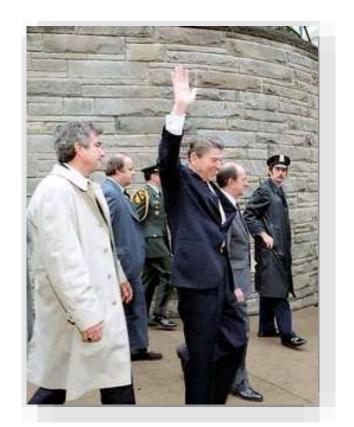


- A systematic, fact-based method of investigation and examination that blends the collection and analysis of multiple sources of information with published research and practitioner experience
- Focuses on an individual's patterns of thinking and behavior to determine whether, and to what extent, an individual is moving toward an attack
- A beginning process that guides a course of action to mitigate a threat of potential violence



The History of Threat Assessment



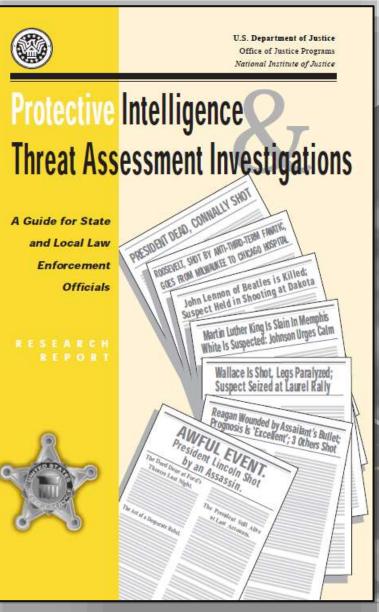












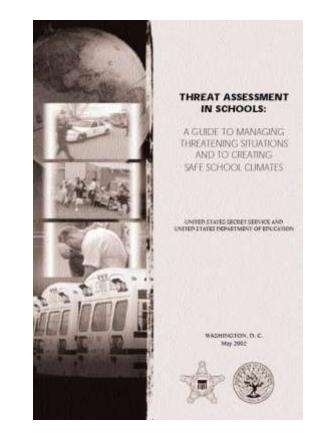






The History of Threat Assessment, cont.

- Safe School Initiative
- Threat Assessment in Schools: A Guide to Managing Threatening Situations and to Creating Safe School Climates
- Expansion of Threat Assessment practices into all levels of school system



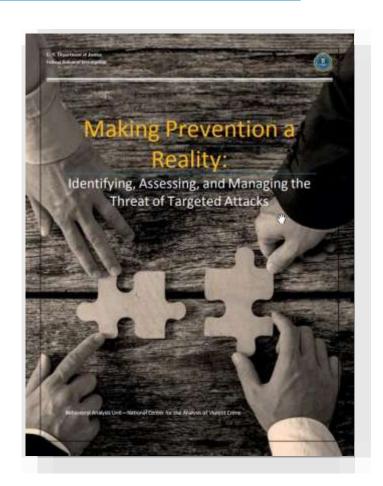




35

The History of Threat Assessment, cont.

- These events were the catalyst for operational partners to take strides in mitigating the public security risk of targeted violence
- Making Prevention A Reality—Provides guidance to public safety officials about how to identify, investigate, assess, and manage the risk of future, planned violence
- The shift toward operational prevention advanced the field of threat assessment







Why Do We Need Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management?

- NSI is insufficient to address new threats
- Our understanding of the threat environment is changing
- Need to adapt to prevent targeted violence beyond terrorism
- Help keep communities safe

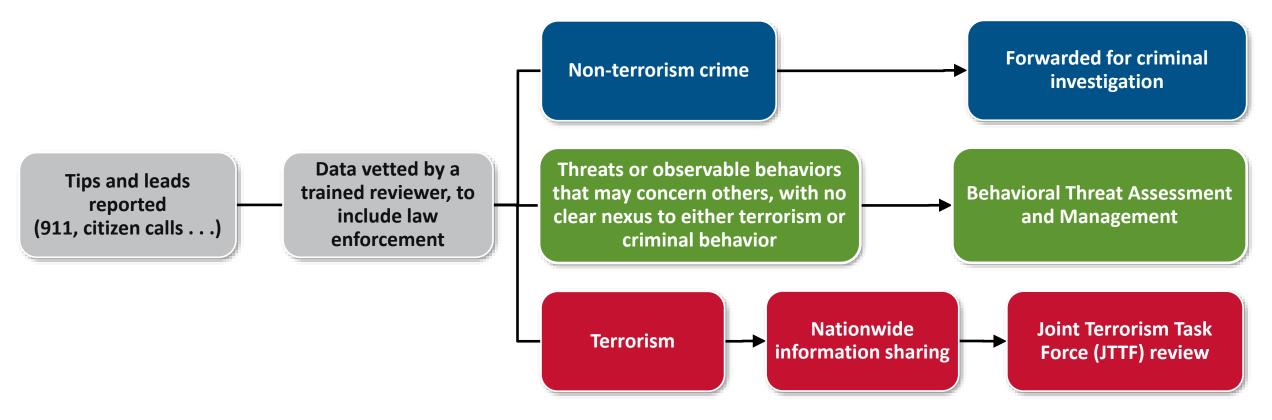








BTAM: Filling the Gap







Takeaways

- Offenders don't snap, they decide
- Targeted violence is not spontaneous, emotion-driven, impulsive crimes emanating from a person's immediate anger or fear
- BTAM is a fact-based method of investigation
- A key to resolving a threat is early detection of threats or observable behaviors that may concern others
- BTAM fills a gap as the threat environment changes
- The Pathway to Violence Model helps explain how an individual may progress towards an act of targeted violence





Wrap-up and Questions





M1 – Why Is Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management Important?

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY



Topic 3

HOW DOES YOUR COMMUNITY PLAY A ROLE?



M2 – BTAM Model

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY



Increasing Community Involvement

- Clearly understand privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties laws and policies
- Bystander reporting: Critical component of prevention
- Knowledge: Key to implementing viable reduction strategies
- Increase community awareness of the situation
- Encourage reporting of a broad range of behaviors
- Establish trust to ensure involvement







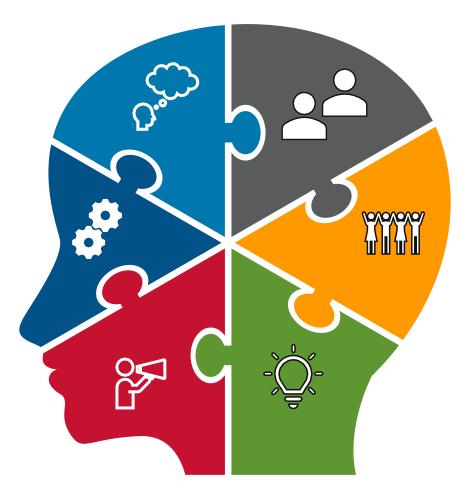
Increasing Community Involvement, cont.

Targeted attacks: Pre-meditated, not impulsive

Offenders do not just snap—they decide

Opportunity for bystander observation and reporting





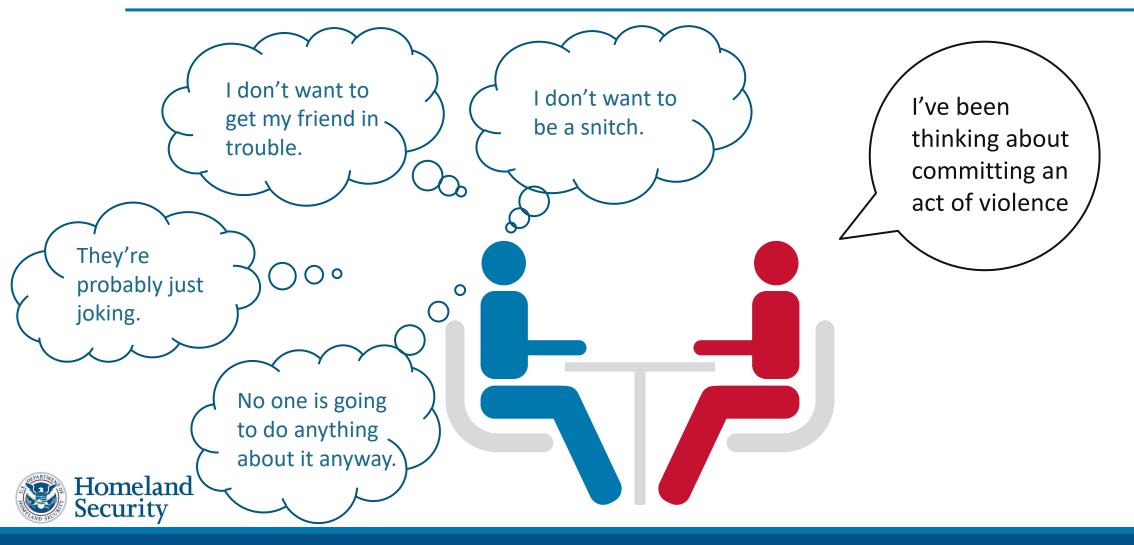
Encourage bystanders to report

Bystander reporting: Critical component of prevention

Knowledge is key!



Challenging Our Own Beliefs and Attitudes about Reporting





Increasing Community Involvement, cont.

CHANGE YOUR VOCABULARY



Attack Attacker

Senseless

Lone Wolf

Active Shooter

"Snap" Mass Murders

Incident

Assailant

Offender

Shooting Incident





Increasing Community Involvement, cont.

FACILITATING COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

- 1. Law enforcement
- 2. Prosecution
- 3. Schools
- 4. Social services
- 5. Health care

- 6. Lawmakers
- 7. Courts
- 8. Probation and parole
- 9. Employers
- 10. Family
- 11. Bystanders





Video: Maximizing Community Reporting





ABC News: New Tool to Help Prevent School Shootings

M2 – BTAM Model



End of Topic Questions





M2 – BTAM Model



Topic 4

WHAT ARE THE WARNING SIGNS?



M2 – BTAM Model











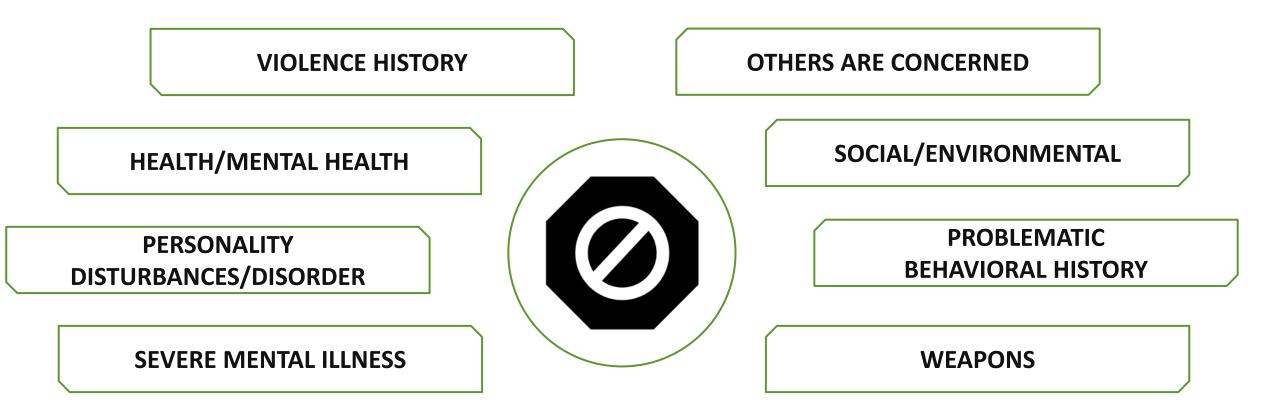








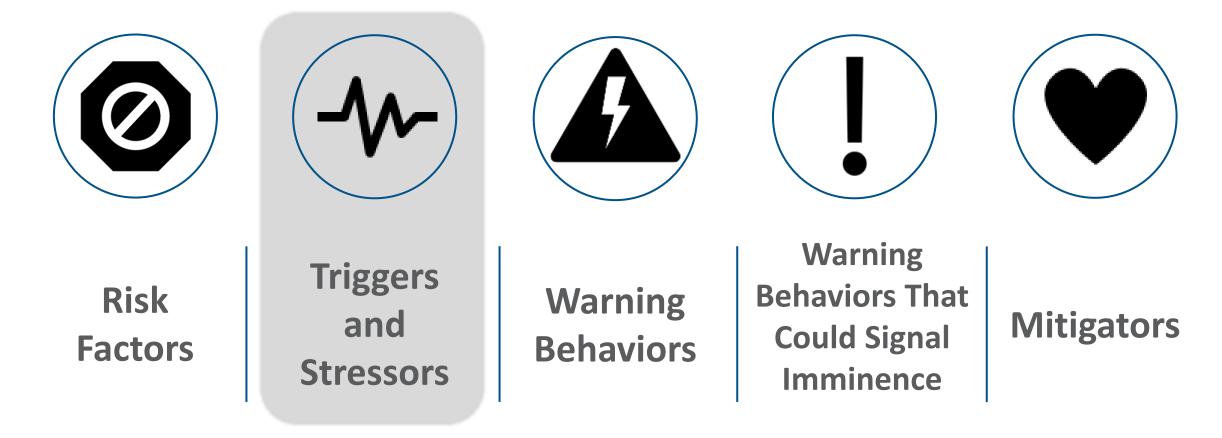
National Threat Evaluation and Reporting Office



HISTORY OF SUICIDALITY



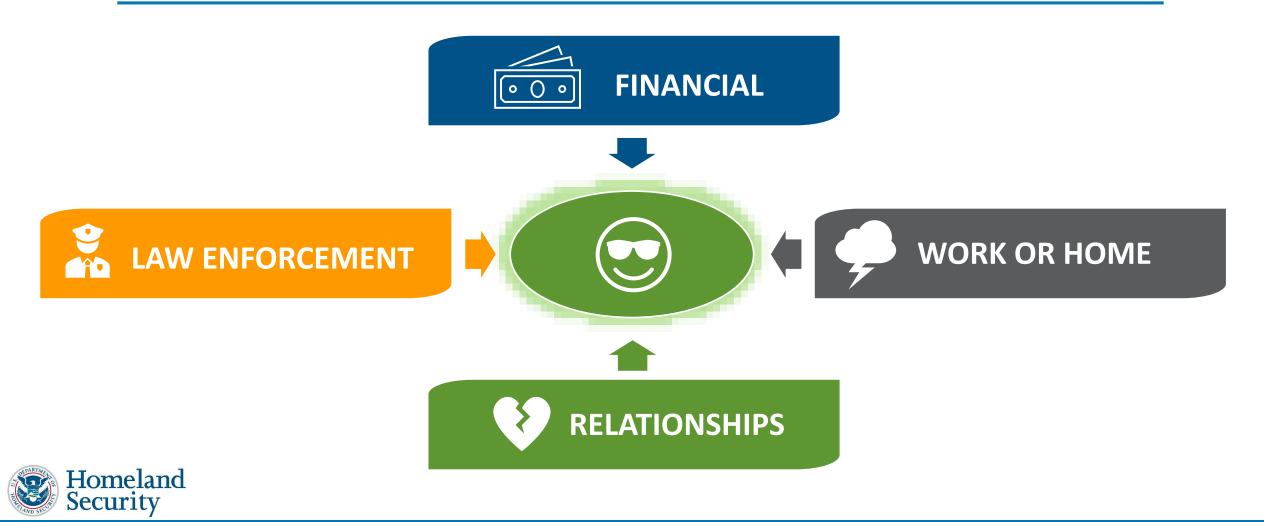






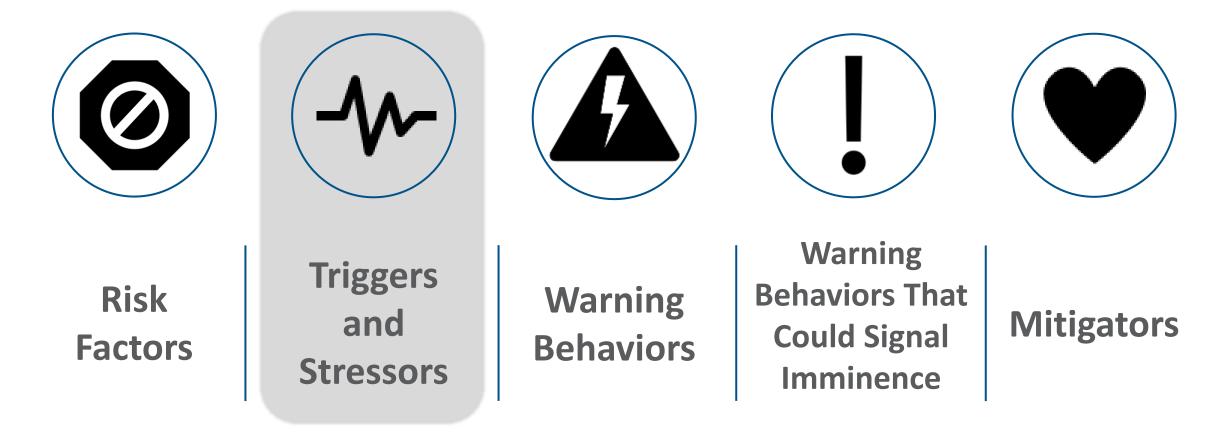


Life Stressors



M2 – BTAM Model

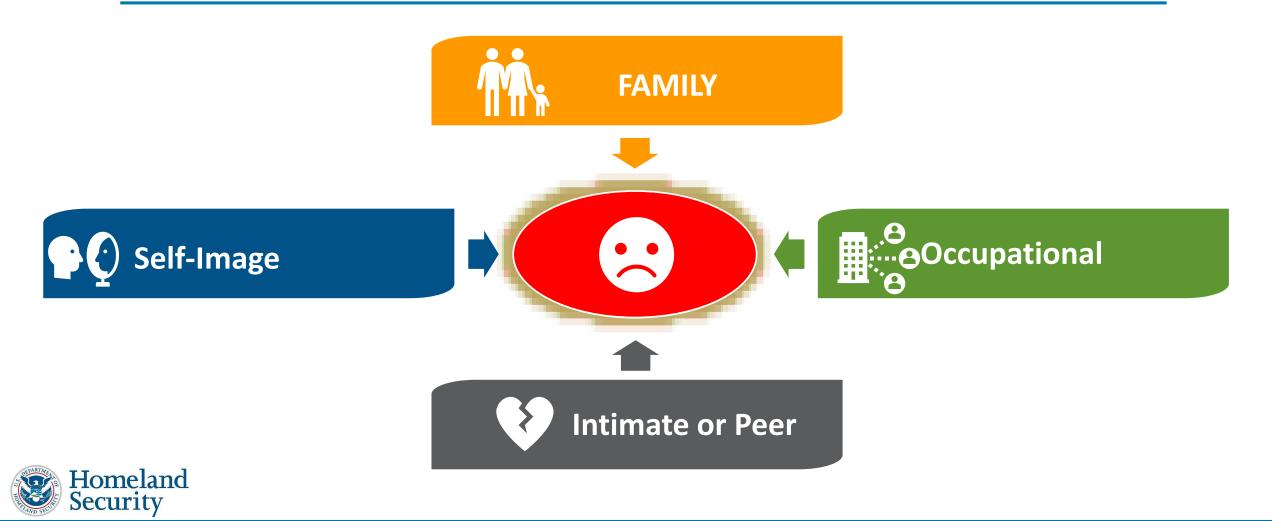




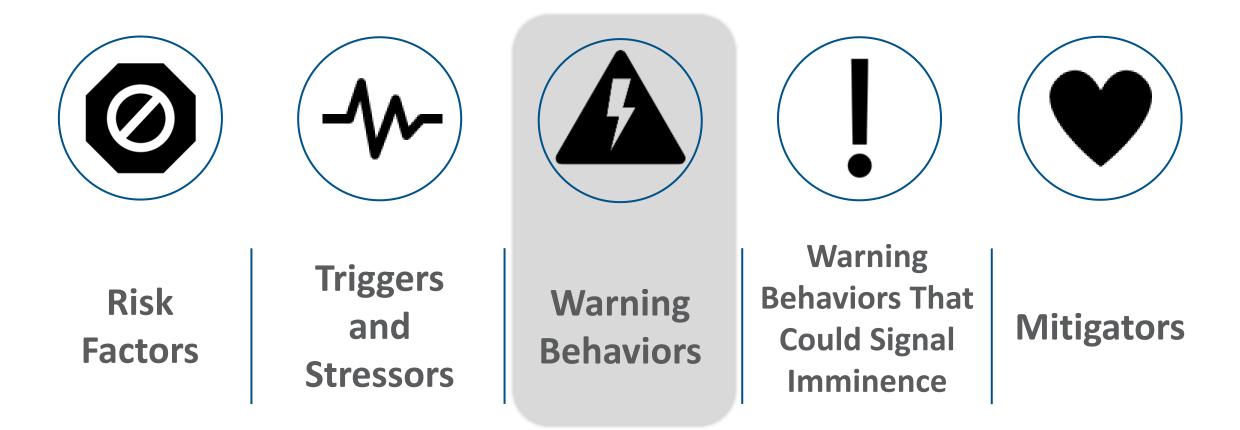




Triggers















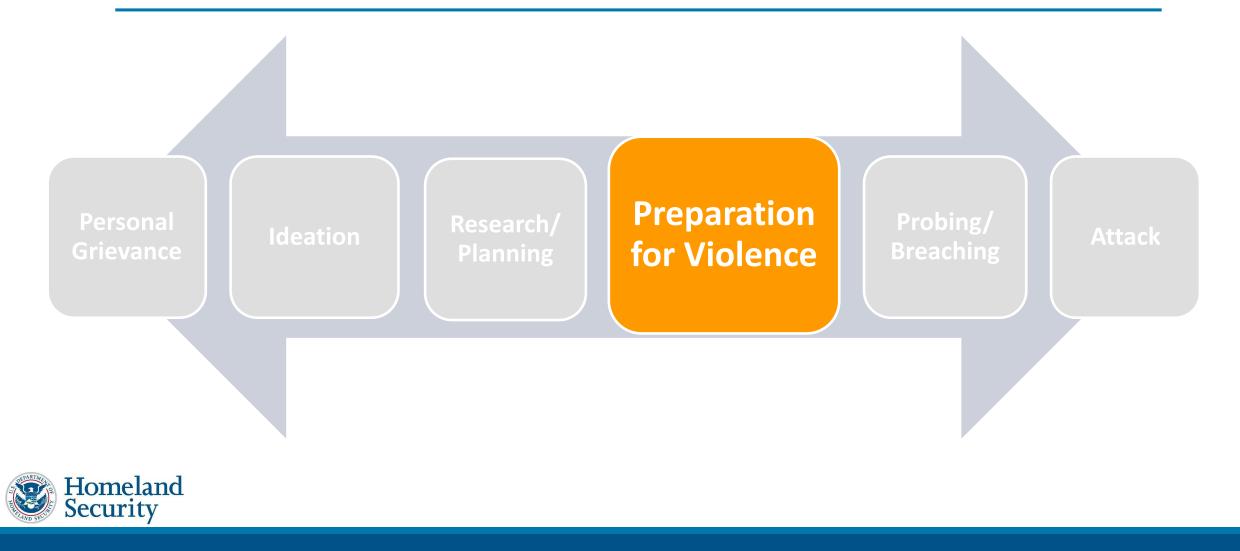


Pathway to Violence Warning Behaviors



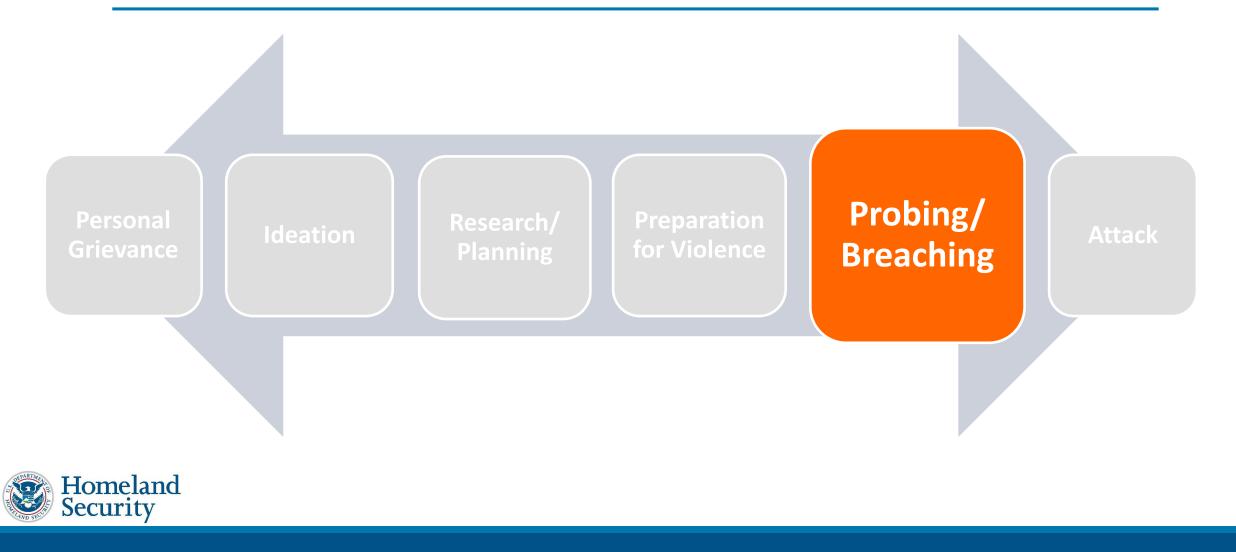


Pathway to Violence Warning Behaviors, cont.



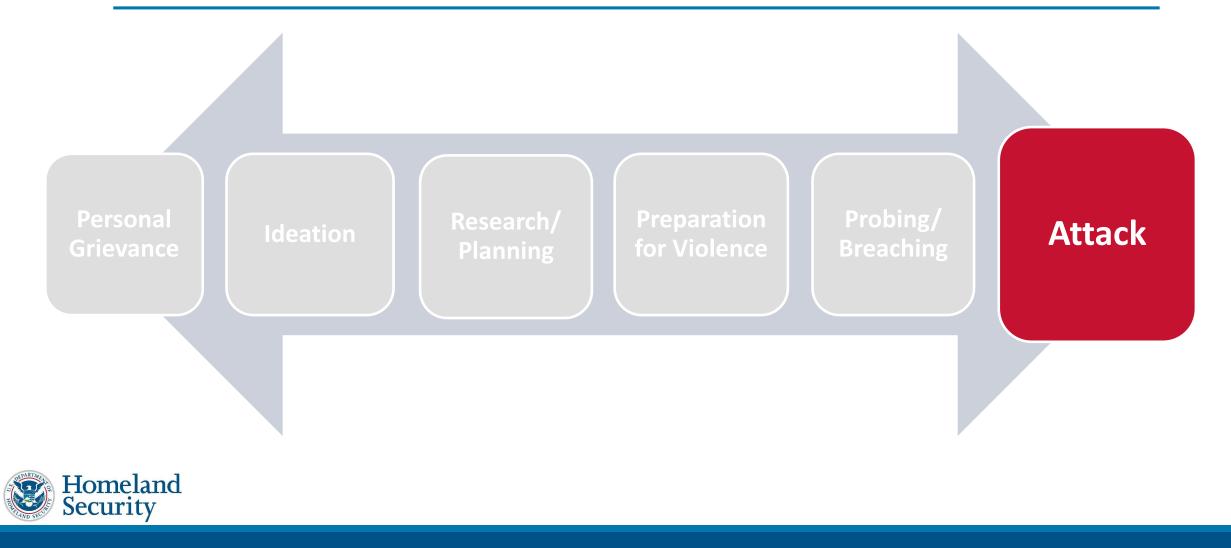


Pathway to Violence Warning Behaviors, cont.





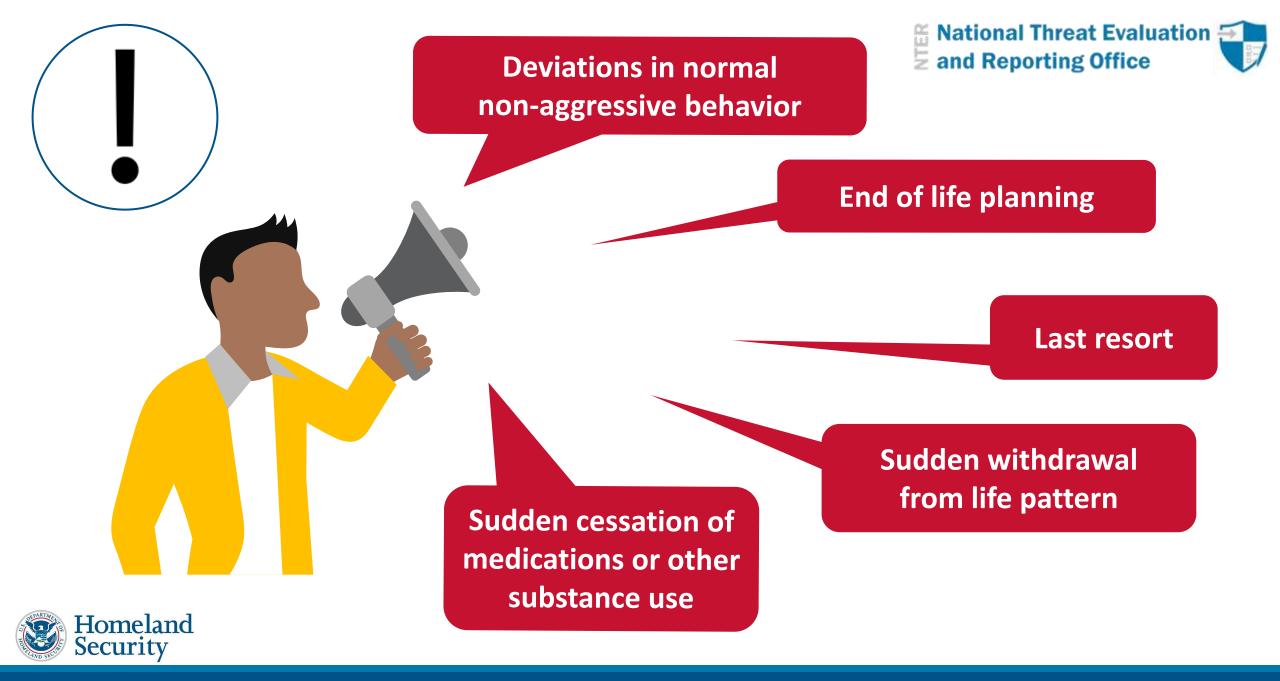
Pathway to Violence







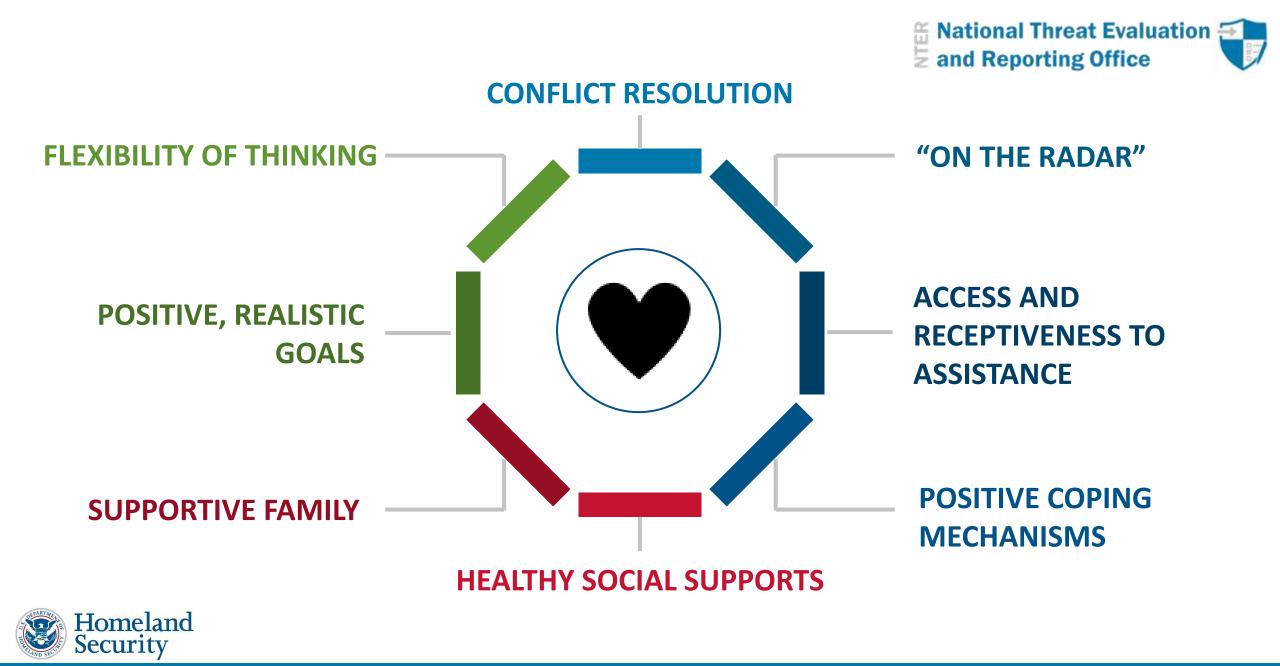














The Pathway to Violence Model





Takeaways

- Everyone can play a role in preventing violence in their community.
- Early detection and reporting of concerning or threatening behaviors are key to prevention
- Warning behaviors should be viewed within the totality of circumstances





Course Wrap-up and Feedback







Thank you!

Samantha Johnson, M.Ed., LPC-S Director, Disability Services and Counseling Blinn College District samantha.johnson@blinn.edu 979-209-7251

